The Jahn-Teller Effects in Materials Science, Chemical Reactivity, and Engineering: Novel Findings

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In a review talk, after presenting a general picture of the whole trend, we show some representative (illustrative) examples of direct applications of the Jahn-Teller effects (JTEs, all four modifications) to solving materials science and engineering problems. Below we outline several points in this important and rapidly developing trend (previous reviews see in [1, 2]).

1. Local Jahn-Teller effects continue to be most instrumental in the study of polyatomic systems and their applications as materials for new technologies. Among the latest achievements in this field we notice three important topics: (1) unalienable (fundamental) influence of the JTEs on the structure and properties of local centers in specific crystals that serve as qubits in quantum information storage and computing [3]; (2) use of knowledge on JTEs parameters of local centers in crystals to manipulate (change) their whole sublattices, thus engineering crystal structures with desired properties by means of targeted external influence [4]; and (3) use of external perturbations in different forms to manipulate (engineer) the structure and properties of two-dimensional systems by influencing their PJTE parameters [5].

2. Employing the knowledge that the JTEs are the only source of structural instability of polyatomic systems, and hence the instability of the transition states of chemical reactions are induced by the PJTE-coupling with stable excited states, a whole trend in chemical reactivity is developing, opening new avenues to the theory and its applications to engineering novel reactions; several examples demonstrate the first applications of the theory (see, e.g., [6]). In particular, the application of this PJTE theory to excited-state reactivity opens new ways to studies in photochemistry [7].

3. Applications of the JTEs to cooperative properties in solids, directly employed in materials science, began as early as in 1966 and seem to be inexhaustible. The latest achievements are related to ferroelectricity, flexoelectricity, permittivity, multiferroicity, polar nanoregions, and orientational polarization (see the reviews [8, 9]). Among important unsolved problems in this topic is the absence of computer methods of calculation of electronic structure and properties of solids with JTEs that take into account the specific JTE nuclear dynamics [1].

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